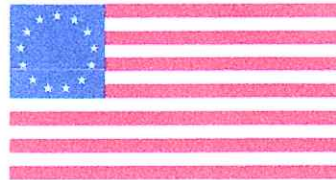


JUL - 1 2022



Paul-Kenneth: Cromar.™
- Executor of the name ©“PAUL KENNETH CROMAR”, and,
Barbara-Ann: Cromar.™
- Executrix of the name © “BARBARA ANN CROMAR”
c/o 9870 N. Meadow Drive
Cedar Hills, Utah state: uSA [84062]

IN THE UTAH COURT OF APPEALS

Paul-Kenneth: Cromar,
and Barbara-Ann: Cromar

applicants / complainants

vs.

Judge Christine Johnson,
Magistrate Anthony Howell,
Judge Darold McDade,
Defendants

EMERGENCY APPLICATION:

**For Injunctive Relief
For Refusal to Allow Habeas Corpus**

(applicable to Provo cases 201402860 & 68)

Case No. 20220594-CA

EMERGENCY APPLICATION FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

It is required of the Court to immediately issue the Emergency Injunction For Relief and Produce the Writ of Habeas Corpus to the defendants, with instructions to stop all court proceedings instantly, until a court date is set to answer our allegations.

On Friday June 24, 2022, the applicant / complainants filed an Application for a Writ of Habeas Corpus with the Clerk of the Court in the American Fork Utah Fourth Judicial Court, who sent the Application for a Writ of Habeas Corpus to the Fourth District Court in Provo Utah at approximately 4:30 pm.

On Monday June 27, 2022 Judge Christine Johnson said, "I have not received the Habeas Corpus, but I have been in Contact with Presiding Judge (Kraig J. Powell Associate Presiding Judge) who has been in contact with General Counsel of the AMC and I have been told to go forward with the trial."

The applicant / complainants then filed an Emergency Application for Injunctive Relief and Application for a Writ of Habeas Corpus with the Utah Court of Appeals on June 29, 2022 and Notice was sent to Judge Christine Johnson on the same date.

On June 30, 2022, Judge Johnson declared that the Petition for Extraordinary Writ was VOID because the filing fee had not been paid. However, the filing fees were paid by way of two (2) credit card \$375.00 transactions on June 30, 2022 and evidence of those payments were submitted to the Fourth District Court in Provo Utah at 9:56 am.

TWICE NOW, Judge Christine Johnson has unlawfully and wrongfully refused to allow Writ of Habeas Corpus, and in concert with other officers of the court are subject to forfeiture and the payment of a sum not exceeding \$5,000 to the aggrieved party.

Barbara and Ken Cromar are the actual victims of numerous injustices, which injustice may be better addressed by the Prosecutor in filing charges for misprision of felony and possible RICO violations against a web of government bad actors estimated at just over 200, all who have violated their oath of office, "followed orders" and played their part to facilitate now proven fatal errors discovered within fifteen cases.

After claiming that the Cromars are “vexatious litigants,” Judge Christine Johnson, in complete violation of Law, Amendment I of the Constitution, and the Utah State Bar Association Professional Rules of Conduct, repeatedly told the Cromars: “The court will decline to receive filings or documents not filed through a State Licensed Bar Attorney.”

[Interesting Note: Vexatious litigation is legal action which is brought solely to harass or subdue an adversary. It may take the form of a primary frivolous lawsuit or may be the repetitive, burdensome, and unwarranted filing of meritless motions in a matter which is otherwise a meritorious cause of action. Filing vexatious litigation is considered an abuse of the judicial process and may result in sanctions against the offender. – The Cromars are the Defendants, while THE STATE OF UTAH is the vexatious litigant. The Cromars have even had to SUBPOENA their own “CONTRACTED COUNSEL,” Eugene Paul Richardson into the court just to have his voice heard on the record because he is NOT a State Licensed Bar Attorney – however even that attempt to access Counsel as their witness was DENIED.]

The Sixth Amendment to the Constitution reads:

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to **have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor**, and to have the **assistance of counsel** for his defense.

On the afternoon of June 16, 2022 at approximately 4:40 pm MDT, Ken Cromar went to the Fourth District Court Clerk’s Office to obtain court stamp/ signatures on Subpoenas for Witnesses for their Defense to appear in court on June 27, 2022. The Court Clerk refused to sign or stamp the Subpoenas. Judge Johnson soon sent someone down to explain again to Ken Cromar that Judge Johnson refuses to accept any court filing unless they are filed by a State Licensed Bar Attorney.

[Interesting Note: As a frustrated Ken Cromar was exiting the building, Ken was assaulted by Deputy Sheriff Steiner who, after calling Ken who was leaning on the exit door with it cracked open, told Ken to Leave. Deputy Steiner, in what appears to be an attempt to incite a response to justify an arrest of Ken Cromar, verbally assaulted him sticking his finger in his face and then physically grabbed him by the arm trying to pull him back into the building. **Complaints** for Assault and Battery in cases Utah County Sheriff case #22UC07375 and Provo PD- report #22PR12668 are expected to be formalized against Deputy Steiner as soon as possible once the trial is stopped.]

Utah County Attorney David O. Leavitt's statement, "One of the highest obligations for government is to acknowledge when the government gets it wrong," is a damning indictment of his office and his personal lack of judicial oversight in the case against the Cromars.

There is no greater evidence to this fact than the statements made to the court by the court appointed, but unaccepted, public defender Ms. Lisa Maxine Estrada, who questioned the prosecutor on his ability to prosecute the Cromars, openly told the court, "I believe there are some serious problems with moving forward with this case." Ms. Estrada warns the court of where this trial is headed and essentially tells them to stop its pursuit of the Cromars. Ms. Estrada even warns the court, "One of the motions the state has filed is a MOTION TO PREVENT RE-LITIGATION OF THE FORECLOSURE PROCESS. Exclaiming. "I'm concerned that that's possibly going to be the major defense of the Cromars." Ms. Estrada declares, "This trial is not going to be a fair one" and then goes as far to say, "I just wanted to put that on record, your Honor, because I am very concerned for them. That they are facing a second-degree felony is the highest charge and that's 1 to 15 years in prison. And from what I've seen this trial is going to be a disaster." AND IT CERTAINLY HAS BEEN A DISASTER!

By her own admission, Judge Johnson has openly admitted to giving consideration to, and permitting ex parte communications outside the presence of the defendants in this judicial proceeding in direct violation to Canon 3 of the Code of Judicial Conduct.

As will be shown on the Court recordings and transcripts, the behavior in Judge Johnson's court has been in direct violation of the Utah Standards of Professionalism and Civility Preamble. Specifically, A lawyer's conduct should be characterized at all times by

personal courtesy and professional integrity in the fullest sense of those terms... we must be mindful of our obligations to the administration of justice, which is a truth-seeking process designed to resolve human and societal problems in a rational, peaceful, and efficient manner. We must remain committed to the rule of law as the foundation for a just and peaceful society. Conduct that may be characterized as uncivil, abrasive, abusive, hostile, or obstructive impedes the fundamental goal of resolving disputes rationally, peacefully, and efficiently. Such conduct tends to delay and often to deny justice. [Judges as] Lawyers should exhibit courtesy, candor and cooperation in dealing with the public and participating in the legal system. The standards are designed to encourage lawyers to meet their obligations to each other, to litigants and to the system of justice, and thereby achieve the twin goals of civility and professionalism, both of which are hallmarks of a learned profession dedicated to public service. We expect judges and lawyers will make mutual and firm commitments to these standards. Adherence is expected as part of a commitment by all participants to improve the administration of justice throughout this State. We further expect lawyers to educate their clients regarding these standards and judges to reinforce this whenever clients are present in the courtroom by making it clear that such tactics may hurt the client's case... these standards should be followed by all judges and lawyers in all interactions with each other and in any proceedings in this State.

It is noteworthy that The People have voted against re-electing Utah County Attorney David O. Leavitt, listed prosecutor, under a cloud of allegations of his involvement in Satanic Ritual Abuse on June 28, 2022.

The Cromars' request for recusal by Leavitt, judge Christine Johnson and prosecutor in fact Jared Perkins for financial conflicts of interest with the Cromars have refused to Recuse themselves.

Violations of Utah State Bar – Rules of Professional Conduct

Rule 4.1. Truthfulness in Statements to Others.

In the course of representing a client a lawyer shall not knowingly:

- (a) Make a false statement of material fact or law to a third person; or

(b) Fail to disclose a material fact, when disclosure is necessary to avoid assisting a criminal or fraudulent act by a client, unless disclosure is prohibited by Rule 1.6.

Rule 8.2. Judicial Officials.

(a) A lawyer shall not make a public statement that the lawyer knows to be false or with reckless disregard as to its truth or falsity concerning the qualifications or integrity of a judge, adjudicatory officer or a candidate for election or appointment to judicial office.

(b) A lawyer who is a candidate for judicial office shall comply with the applicable provisions of the Code of Judicial Conduct.

Rule 8.3. Reporting Professional Misconduct.

(a) A lawyer who knows that another lawyer has committed a violation of the Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial question as to that lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness or fitness as a lawyer in other respects shall inform the appropriate professional authority.

(b) A lawyer who knows that a judge has committed a violation of applicable Rules of Judicial Conduct that raises a substantial question as to the judge's fitness for office shall inform the appropriate authority.

(c) This Rule does not require disclosure of information otherwise protected by Rule 1.6 or information gained by a lawyer or judge while participating in an approved lawyers assistance program.

Through constructive fraud, false-swearing, and jury tampering, the applicants / complainants have faced a rigged Trial by Jury since June 27, 2022 and the real potential of being convicted and imprisoned up to 15 years, which with Ken at 63 and Barbara at 59 years of age could be the rest of their lives, under false felony claims of "Burglary" of their own home; cause the Cromars great concern for their safety and lives.

It is, again, under these circumstances that the applicant / complainants have filed this Emergency Application for Injunctive Relief upon this court. IF THIS EMERGENCY

APPLICATION IS NOT ACTED UPON TODAY, BEFORE THE END OF TRIAL, THEN IRREPARABLE DAMAGE TO THE LIVES OF THE CROMARS WILL BE INFLICTED THROUGH A POTENTIAL IMMEDIATE INCARATION AFFECTING THEIR ABILITY TO MAKE ANY EFFECTIVE and timely APPEAL. In other words, it appears that the courts have conspired to permanently silence the Cromars in violation to **USC Title 18 Section 242 Deprivation of Rights Under The Color Of Law**, and **USC Title 18 Section 241 Conspiracy to Deny Rights** and what appears to be **RICO violations**.

The EMERGENCY RELIEF Requested:

We, Paul-Kenneth: and Barbara-Ann: Cromar want to abate this case and have an immediate cessation of this trial until all of the Writs of Habeas Corpus have been answered with the intent to dismiss this case with prejudice for fraud and swindle in dishonor, or at least to proceed with *due process of law*, and with proper and timely notifications.

We, Paul-Kenneth: Cromar, and Barbara-Ann: Cromar, a man and woman on the land, respectfully require the court immediately issue the Emergency Application for Injunctive Relief and Produce the Writ of Habeas Corpus to the defendants, and set a court date as soon as possible, to answer our allegations. Our very lives are at stake!

Respectfully Applied For on this the first day of the four month in the year of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ 2022;

Notice to Principal is notice to Agent. Notice to Agent is notice to Principal.

I, Paul-Kenneth: Cromar, and Barbara-Ann: Cromar, a living man and woman,
and as the **sole Heirs and Executors**
of the estates by the same name, do hereby reserve the right
to make any amendments and corrections.

FOR THE:

EMERGENCY APPLICATION:
For INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

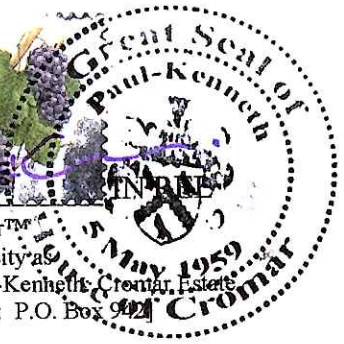
FOR THE Heirs /Executors **ARE** FOR THE AFFIRMATION
OF THE DECLARATION OF THE
TRUE BY THE FIRSTHAND KNOWLEDGE OF THE FACTS:

Utah State)
)
Utah Republic)
)
United States of America)

Asseveration

L.S.

by: *Paul-Kenneth Cromar*
© Paul-Kenneth: House of Cromar™
Signed only in correct public capacity as
Sole Heir and Executor to the Paul-Kenneth Cromar Estate
c/o 9870 N. Meadow Drive [or to: P.O. Box 942]
Cedar Hills, Utah [84062]



Asseveration

L.S.

by: *Barbara-Ann Cromar*
© Barbara-Ann: House of Cromar™
Signed only in correct public capacity as Sole Heiress
Executrix to the Barbara-Ann Cromar Estate
c/o 9870 N. Meadow Drive [or to: P.O. Box 942]
Cedar Hills, Utah [84062]



Which are commonly known addresses for **LAND PATENT #392 part and parcel** thereof;

We *Stand* on our Metes and Bounds, having never abandoned them, which are as follows:

Beginning at the Northeast corner of Lot 3, Plat "C", Amended North Meadow Estates Subdivision, said point being S89°28'48"W 1129.68 feet along the Quarter Section line, and S0°00'00"W 773.49 feet from the East 1/4 corner of Section 6, Township 5 South, Range 2 East of the Salt Lake Base and Meridian, and running thence along said Lot 3 boundary line the following five (5) course: (1) S0°18'49"W 96.09 feet; (2) S89°59'43"W 149.21 feet; (3) along a curve to the right 23.50 feet through a central angle of 89°46'16" having a radius of 15.00 feet and a chord that bears N45°07'09"W 21.17 feet; (4) N0°14'01"W 80.49 feet; (5) N89°45'59"E 165.06 feet to the point of beginning, containing 0.361 acres.

[for LOT "C", AMENDED NORTH MEADOW ESTATES
SUBDIVISION within the SE ¼ of SEC. 6, T.5 S.,R.2 E. SLBM – 0.361 acres]